NAME $\qquad$ INDEX NUMBER

SCHOOL
DATE

## TRIGONOMETRY

| KCSE 1989-2012 Form 2 Mathematics |  | Working Space |
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| 1. | 1989 Q4 P1 <br> When the angle of elevation of the sun is $58^{\circ}$, a vertical pole casts a shadow of length 5 m on a horizontal ground. Find the height of the pole |  |
|  | (2marks) |  |
| 2 | 1990 Q12 P1 <br> The angle of elevation of the top of a cliff from point $P$ is $45^{\circ}$. From a point $Q$ which is 10 m from $P$ towards the foot of the cliff, the angle of elevation is $48^{\circ}$. Calculate the height of the cliff. <br> (4marks) |  |
| 3 | 1990 Q12 P2 <br> Towns $A, B, C$ and $D$ are such that $A$ is 15 km north of $B, C$ is 8 km east of $B, D$ is directly east of $A$ and on a bearing $060^{\circ}$ from C. Find the distance between towns A and D, giving your answer to two significant figures (3marks) |  |


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| 4 | 1994 Q23 P2 <br> A flag post 10 m long is fixed on top of a tower. From a point on horizontal ground, the angles of elevation of the top and bottom of the flag post are $40^{\circ}$ and $33^{\circ}$ respectively. <br> Calculate <br> (a) The height of the tower <br> (6marks) <br> (b) The shortest distance from the point on the ground to the top of the flag post (2marks) |  |
| 5 | 1996 Q4 P1 <br> A man walks directly from point A towards the foot of a tall building 240 m away. After covering 180 m , he observes that the angle of the top of the building is $45^{\circ}$. Determine the angle of elevation of the top of the building from A . <br> (3 marks) |  |
| 6 | 1997 Q5 P1 <br> There are two signposts $A$ and $B$ on the edge of the road. $A$ is 400 m to the west of b . A tree is on a bearing of $060^{\circ}$ from $A$ and a bearing of $330^{\circ}$ from B. Calculate the shortest distance of the tree from the edge of the road. |  |


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| 7 | 1998 Q6 P1 <br> $A$ point $A$ is directly below a window. Another point $B$ is 15 m from A and at the same horizontal level. From B angle of elevation of the top of the bottom of the window is $30^{\circ}$ and the angle of elevation of the top of the window is $35^{\circ}$. Calculate the vertical distance. <br> (a) From A to the bottom of the window <br> (b) From A to the bottom to top of the window <br> (c) From the bottom to the top of the window |  |
| 8 | 1998 Q4 P2 <br> In the figure below $\mathrm{ABC}=30^{\circ}, \quad \mathrm{ACB}=\angle \mathrm{ADC}=90^{\circ}$, <br> Calculate the length of (a) AC <br> (b) BC |  |


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| 9 | 2000 Q7 P1 <br> Given that $\sin \theta=2 / 3$ and $\theta$ is an acute angle find: <br> (a) Tan $\theta$ giving your answer in surd form |  |
| 10 | 2001 Q20 P2 <br> An electric pylon is 30 m high. A point $S$ on top of the pylon is vertically above another point on the ground. Points A and B are on the same horizontal ground as R. Point $A$ is due south of the pylon and the angle of elevation of $S$ from $A$ is $26^{\circ}$. Point $B$ is due west of the pylon and the angle of elevation of $S$ from $B$ is $32^{\circ}$. <br> a) Distance from A and B (6marks) <br> b) bearing B from A (2marks) |  |
| 11 | 2003 Q12 P1 <br> Two straight paths are perpendicular to each other at point p.One path meets a straight road at point A while the other meets the same road at B . Given that PA is 50 metres while PB is 60 metres. Calculate the obtuse angle made by path PB and the road. |  |


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| 12 | 2005 Q7 P1 <br> Given that $\sin (90-\mathrm{x})^{0}=0.8$, where x is an acute angle, find without using mathematical tables the value of $\tan \mathrm{x}^{0}$. |  |
| 13 | 2006 Q11 P1 <br> The diagram below represents a school gate with double shutters. The shutters are such opened through an angle of $63^{\circ}$. The edges of the gate, PQ and RS are each 1.8 m <br> Calculate the shortest distance QS, correct to 4 significant figures |  |
| 14 | $2007 \text { Q8 P1 }$ <br> Given that $x$ is an acute angle and $\cos x=\frac{2 \sqrt{5}}{5}$, find without using mathematical tables or a calculator, $\tan (90-x)^{0}$. |  |


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| 15 | 2007 Q15 P1 <br> Points L and M are equidistant from another point K . The bearing of $L$ from $K$ is $330^{\circ}$. The bearing of $M$ from K is $220^{\circ}$. Calculate the bearing of M from L |  |
| 16 | 2007 Q18 P1 <br> In the diagram below PA represents an electricity post of height 9.6m. QB and RC represents two storey buildings of heights 15.4 m and 33.4 m respectively. The angle of depression of A from B is $5.5^{\circ} \mathrm{While}$ the angle of elevation of C from B is $30.5^{\circ}$ and $\mathrm{BC}=35 \mathrm{~m}$. <br> (a) Calculate, to the nearest metre, the distance $A B$ <br> (b) By scale drawing find, <br> (i) The distance AC in metres <br> ( 5 marks) <br> (ii) $\angle \mathrm{BCA}$ and hence determine the angle of depression of A from C <br> ( 3 marks) |  |


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| 17 | 2008 Q20 P1 <br> The diagram below represents two vertical watchtowers AB and CD on a level ground. P and Q are two points on a straight road BD . The height of the tower $A B$ is 20 m road a $B D$ is 200 m . <br> a) A car moves from B towards D. At point P, the angle of depression of the car from point $A$ is $11.3^{0}$. Calculate the distance BP to 4 significant figures. <br> b) If the car takes 5 seconds to move from $P$ to $Q$ at an average speed of $36 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$, calculate the angle of depression of Q from A to 2 decimal places <br> c) Given that $\mathrm{QC}=50.9 \mathrm{~m}$, calculate; <br> (i) The height of CD in meters to 2 decimal places; <br> (2mks) <br> (ii) The angle of elevation of A from C to the nearest degree. |  |


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| 18 | 2009 Q12 P1 <br> An electric pole is supported to stand vertically on a level ground by a tight wire. The wire is pegged at a distance of 6 metres from the foot of the pole as shown. <br> The angle which the wire makes with the ground is three times the angle it makes with the pole. Calculate the length of the wire to the nearest centimeter. |  |
| 19 | 2010 Q13 P1 <br> Given that $3 \theta^{\circ}$ is an acute angle and $\sin 3 \theta^{\circ}$, find the value of $\theta$. <br> (3 marks) |  |
| 20 | 2011 Q5 P1 <br> Given that $\sin (x+60)^{0}=\cos (2 \mathrm{x})$, find $\tan (x+60)^{0}$ |  |
| 21 | 2012 Q10 P1 <br> Given that $\tan x^{0}=\frac{3}{7}$, find the $\cos (90-x)^{0}$ giving the answer to 4 significant figures |  |

