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## **STATISTICS I**

| KCS | E 1989 – 2012 Form 2 Mathematics   | Working Space |
|-----|--|---------------|
| 1.  | <b>1990 Q2 P2</b> The shoe sizes for 40 pupils in a class were recorded as<br>shown in the table belowShoe size456789Number of pupils14181421Determine the mean shoe size in the class |               |
|     | ( 2 marks)   |               |
| 2   | HouseHeight in centimeters of 60 children attending a clinic<br>were recorded as follows:Height (cm)No. of Children<br>3.3536-38339-411442-441545-471648-50851-53254-561               |               |
|     | (3marks)   |               |

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| 3 | <ul> <li><b>1993 Q4 P1</b></li> <li>The mean age of 15 boys in a class is 19 years. On a day when one of the boys was absent, the rest gave their ages as follows:</li> <li>20, 22, 16, 18, 17, 21, 18, 20, 17, 18, 19, 20, 19, 21.</li> <li>Find the age of the absent boy</li> </ul> |               |
|   |  |               |
| 4 | <b>1995 Q3 P1</b><br>Every week the number of absentees in a school was<br>recorded. This was done for 39 weeks these observations<br>were tabulated as shown below  |               |
|   | Number of absenteesNumber of weeks0-364-798-11812-151116-19320-232   |               |
|   | ( 2 marks)   |               |

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| 5 | <b>1998 Q12 P1</b><br>Six weeks after planting the height of bean plants were<br>measured correct to the nearest centimeter. The frequency<br>distribution is given in the table below.   |                    |            |               |
|   | Height (x)  | Frequency          | Cumulative |               |
|   | 0.5   | 2                  | irequency  |               |
|   | $0 \le x \le 4$   | 8                  |            |               |
|   | 8 <v<12< td=""><td>19</td><td></td><td></td></v<12<>  | 19                 |            |               |
|   | 12 <x<16< td=""><td>14</td><td></td><td></td></x<16<>   | 14                 |            |               |
|   | 16 <x<16< td=""><td>6</td><td></td><td></td></x<16<>  | 6                  |            |               |
|   | table<br>(b) Estimate tl  | he median height ( |            |               |
| 6 | <b>1999 Q13 P2</b><br>The number of people who attended an agricultural show<br>in one day was 510 men, 1080 women and some children.<br>When the information was represented on a pie chart, the<br>combined angle for the men and children was 2160. Find<br>the angle representing the children. |                    |            |               |
|   |   |                    |            |               |

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| 7 | <b>1999 Q19 P2</b><br>Patients who a<br>age as shown i   | attend a clinic i<br>n the table belo  | n one week wer  | re grouped by     |               |
|   | Age x years  | I  |   |                   |               |
|   | $0 \le x \le 5$  |  | 14  |                   |               |
|   | 5≤X≤15   | 4  | F1  |                   |               |
|   | 15≤x≤25  |  | 9<br>70   |                   |               |
|   | 25≤x≤45  | 7  | <u>/0</u>   |                   |               |
|   | 45≤x≤75  | ]  | 15  |                   |               |
|   | <ul> <li>i. Estimate t</li> <li>ii. On the gri<br/>the distribution</li> <li>1 cm to repression</li> <li>2 cm to repression</li> </ul> | the mean age<br>d provided drav<br>oution<br>ent 5 unit on th<br>sent 5 units on t | w a histogram t<br>le horizontal ax<br>he vertical axis | o represent<br>is |               |
|   |  |  |   | (8 marks)         |               |
| 8 | <b>2000 Q4 P1</b><br>The table below shows heights of 50 students<br>Height (cm) Frequency   |  |   | ts                |               |
|   |  | 140 - 144  | 3   |                   |               |
|   |  | 145 - 149  | 15  |                   |               |
|   |  | 150- 154   | 19  |                   |               |
|   |  | 155- 159   | 11  |                   |               |
|   |  | 160-164  | 2   |                   |               |
|   | (a) State th   | ne modal class   | 1   | I                 |               |
|   | (b) Calcula  | te the median  | height  | (3 marks)         |               |

|    |   |  | Working space |
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| 9  | <b>2000 Q16 P2</b><br>The frequency distribution<br>salary (K£) paid to worker  | table below shows the weekly<br>rs in a factory  |               |
|    | Salary (Ksh) $50 \le x \le 100$ $100 \le x \le 150$ $150 \le 25$ $250 \le x \le 350$ $350 \le x \le 500$ On the grid provided drawinformation shown above | No. of workers         13         16         38         9         a histogram to respect the |               |
|    |   | ( 3 marks  | .)            |
| 10 | 2003 Q3 P2The table below shows the<br>football team in 20 matchesGoals scoredNumber of<br>0051624334151Find:<br>a)The mode<br>b)                         | number of goals scored by a<br>s<br>of matches<br>   |               |



|    |  |   |  | Working space |
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|    | (b) (i) State the group in w<br>(ii) A vertical line draw<br>divides the total area of the<br>Using this information or of<br>mark   | vhich the median ma<br>n through the media<br>histogram into two<br>therwise, estimate th |  |               |
| 13 | a2009 Q16 P1<br>The following data was obtained for the masses of certain<br>animals.Mass (x kg)Frequency $1.5 \le x < 5.5$ 16<br>$5.5 \le x 7.5$ $20$<br>$7.5 \le x < 13.5$ 18<br>$13.5 \le x < 15.5$ $13.5 \le x < 15.5$ 14Complete the histogram on the grid provided below:  |   |  |               |
|    | Frequency       Image: state sta |   |  |               |

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| 14 | <b>2009 Q18 P1</b><br>The marks scored by<br>test were as recorde | y a group of pupi<br>ed in the table be | ls in a mathematics<br>low. |               |
|    |   | Marks                                   | Frequency                   |               |
|    |   | 0-9                                     | 1                           |               |
|    |   | 10-19                                   | 2                           |               |
|    |   | 20-29                                   | 4                           |               |
|    |   | 30-39                                   | 7                           |               |
|    |   | 40-49                                   | 10                          |               |
|    |   | 50-59                                   | 16                          |               |
|    |   | 60-69                                   | 20                          |               |
|    |   | 70-79                                   | 6                           |               |
|    |   | 80-89                                   | 3                           |               |
|    |   | 90-99                                   | 1                           |               |
|    |   |   |                             |               |
|    | (a) (i) State the m   | odal class                              |                             |               |
|    | (ii) Determine the class in which the median mark lies            |   |                             |               |
|    | (b) Using an assumed mean of 54, 4 calculate the mean mark        |   |                             |               |
|    |   |   |                             |               |
|    |   |   |                             |               |
|    |   |   |                             |               |
|    |   |   |                             |               |
|    |   |   |                             |               |
|    |   |   |                             |               |
|    |   |   |                             |               |
|    |   |   | (10 marks)                  |               |



|    |   |           |   | Working Space |
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| 16 | 2010 Q23 P1<br>The frequency distribution table below represents the<br>number of kilograms of meat sold in butchery. |           |   |               |
|    | Mass in kg  | Frequency | 7 |               |
|    | 1-5   | 2         |   |               |
|    | 6-`10   | 3         |   |               |
|    | 11-15   | 6         |   |               |
|    | 16-20   | 8         |   |               |
|    | 21-25   | 3         |   |               |
|    | 26-30   | 2         |   |               |
|    | 31-35   | 1         |   |               |
|    |   |           |   |               |

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| 17 | <b>2011 Q10 P1</b><br>The masses of people during a clinic session were recorded<br>as shown in the table below.   |               |
|    | Mass (kg)No of people40-44145-49250-541255-591060-64265-69270-741Calculate the mean mass.  |               |
|    | (3marks)   |               |
| 18 | <b>2012 Q17 P1</b><br>The table below shows the height, measured to the nearest<br>cm, of 101 pawpaw trees.  |               |
|    | Height in cmFrequency $20-24$ 2 $25-29$ 15 $30-34$ 18 $35-39$ 25 $40-44$ 30 $45-49$ 6 $50-54$ 3 $55-59$ 2  |               |
|    | <ul> <li>(a) State the modal class. (1mark)</li> <li>(b) Calculate to 2 decimal places: <ul> <li>(i) The mean height; (4marks)</li> <li>(ii) The differences between the median height and the mean height (5marks)</li> </ul> </li> </ul> |               |