NAME \_\_\_\_\_ INDEX NUMBER

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SCHOOL \_\_\_\_\_ DATE \_\_\_\_\_

## **RATE, RATIO AND PROPORTION**

KCSE 1	1989 – 2012 Form 1 Mathematics	Working space
1.	<b>1989 Q11 P1</b>	
	Three businessmen Makokha, Njau and Odhiambo contributed a total amount of sh 120,000 to start a business. The ratio of the contributions of Makokha and Njau was 2:3 and that of Njau to Odhiambo was 2:5. How much did Odhiambo contribute?	
	(3 marks)	
2.	1989 Q17 P2	
	Water flows through a circular pipe of cross-section area 6.16cm <sup>2</sup> at a uniform speed of 10cm per second. At 6 a.m, water starts flowing through the pipe into an empty rectangular tank of base area 3m <sup>2</sup> .	
	(a) What is the depth of the water in the tank at 8.30 a.m? (3marks)	
	(b) If the tank is 1.2 meters high and has a hole at the bottom through which water leaks at the rate of 11.6 cm3 per second, determine the time at which the tank will be filled. (4marks)	
		Working space

2	1000.07.02	
5.	<ul> <li>Three juakali artisans Nyundo, Karai and Moto, invested sh 1200, sh1,800 and sh 3000 respectively in their business. They agreed that 34% of the profits would be divided equally among among them, and the ratio of their investments.</li> <li>How much did Nyundo receive at the end of one year when the total profit realized was sh 15,000?</li> </ul>	
	(4marks)	
4.	1991 Q17 P1	
	Two business partners Nzau and Masese contributed sh.112,000 and sh 128,000	
	Respectively, to start a business. They agree to share their profits as follows;	
	30% to be shared equally 30% to be shared in the ratio of their contributions 40% to be retained for the running of the business.	
	If their total profit for the year 1989 was sh.86400 calculate	
	<ul><li>(i) The amount received by each partner (6marks)</li><li>(ii) The amount retained for running the business</li></ul>	
	(2marks)	
		Working space

1		
L L	1001 OF D2	
5.	1771 Q3 F4	
	Kamay, Chalula and Walzaca are three casual in a jualzali	
	Rainau , Chefule and Weresa are un ee casual in a juaran	
	Enterprise Chelule earns twice as much as Kamau and	
	Enterprise, onerare carns twice as mach as namaa and	
	Wekesa earns sh 70 more than Chelule. If their total	
	earnings are sh1, 120 express the ratio of their earnings,	
	Kamay, Chalula, Walzaga in ita aimplaat farm (2marka)	
	Kamau: Cherule: wekesa in its simplest form. (Smarks)	
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-		
6.	1993 Q5 P1	
	It to be a 20 mentioner ( down mentioner 0 house a down to	
	It takes 30 workers 6 days working 8 hours a day to	
	harvest maize in a farm. How many days would 50	
	harvest maize maranni. now many days would so	
	workers working 6 hours a day take to harvest the maze?	
	0	
	(Zmarks)	
7	100/ 00 D1	
/.	1994 Q0 F 1	
	A nool of water with surface area of 0 6ha has a uniform	
	n poor of water with surface area of otona has a annorm	
	depth of 3m. A pipe drains the pool at the rate of 200	
	l'hunn a se an di Hannan a se la se la tales ta seconda	
	litres per second. How many nours does it take to empty	
	the nool? (3marks)	
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		Working space
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ļ		
8.	1994 Q9 P1	
	Three business partners. Kioko Niau and Osiako, are to	
	1110000000000000000000000000000000000	
	share 12,000 in the ratio 5:6:x respectively. If Kloko	
	received sh 4000, determine the value of x (3marks)	
0	100F 0 12 D1	
9.	1995 Q 15 F 1	
	Water flows from a tap. At the rate 27cm <sup>3</sup> per second, into	
	a rectangular container of length 60cm, breath 30 cm	
	and height 40 cm	
	If at 6.00 p.m. the container was half full, what will be the	
	height of water at 6.04 pm? (3 marks)	
10.	1996 Q 8 P1	
	A we show subject to all a fibrand 2.4 we have 2.0 we are discharded after	
	A rectangular tank of base 2.4 m by 2.8 m and a height of	
	3m contains 3,600 liters of water initially. Water flows	
	into the tank at the rate of $0.5$ litres per second. Calculate	
	the time is here and whether are the lite Clither and	
	the time in hours and minutes, required to fill the tank	
	(4 marks)	
		Working space

11	2000 O 7 P2	
11.	2000 Q / 1 2	
	Akinyi, Bundi, Cura, and Diba invested some money on a	
	husiness in the ratio of $7.9.10.14$ respectively. The	
	business in the futio of 7. 5.10.11 respectively. The	
	business realized a profit of KSns 46,800. They shared	
	12% of the profit equally and the remainder in the ratio of	
	their contributions.Calculate the total amount received by	
	Diba	
	Diba	
12.	2002 Q 12 P2	
	Atieno and Kamau started a business by contributing	
	sh 25000 and sh 20,000 respectively. At the end of the	
	shi25000 and shi20,000 respectively. It the end of the	
	year, they realized a profit of sns. 81,000.	
	The profit was allocated to development, dividends and	
	reserves in the ratio 4:5:6 respectively. The dividends	
	were the chared in the ratio of their contribution	
	Calculate the dividends paid to Atieno.	
		Monly's
		working space

10	2002.0.14.02	
13.	<b>2003 Q 14 P2</b> Three business partners Atieno, Wambui and Mueni contributed sh 50,000, Sh.40,000 as sh 25,000 respectively to start a business. After some time, they realized a profit, which they decided to share in the ration of their contributions. If Mueni's share was sh 10.000, by how much was Atieno's share more than Wambui's?	
	(3marks)	
14	2004 010 P2	
14.	2004 Q10 F2	
	A group of 5 people can do a piece of work in 6 hours. Calculate the time a group of 8 people working at half the rate of the first group would take to complete the same work.	
15.	2005 Q3 P2	
	In a fund- raising committee of 45 people, the ratio of men to women is 7: 2. Find the number of women required to join the existing committee so that the ratio of men to women is changed to 5: 4 (3 marks)	
		Working space

16.	2009 Q15 P1	
	Abdi sold a radio costing ksh 3,800 at a profit of 20%.He earned a commission of 22 ½ % on the profit. Find the amount he earned. (2 marks)	
17.	2009 Q1 P2	
	A farmer feeds every two cows on 480 kg of hay for four days. The farmer has 20160 of hay which is just enough to feed his cows for 6 weeks. Find the number of cows in the farm (3marks)	
18.	2010 Q6 P2	
	Five people can build 3 huts in 21 days. Find the number of people, working at the same rate that will build 6 similar huts in 15 days. (2 marks)	Working space
		working space

19.	2012 Q16 P1	
	Bukra had two bags A and B, containing sugar. If he took	
	2kg of sugar from bag A and added it to bag B, the mass of	
	sugar in bag B would be four times the mass of the sugar	
	in hag A	
	If he added 10kg of sugar to the original amount of sugar	
	in each hag the mass of sugar in hag B would twice the	
	mass of the sugar in hag A Calculate the original mass of	
	sugar in each hag (3marks)	
	ontario)	
20.	2012 Q19 P1	
	Two alloys, A and B, are each made up of copper, Zinc and	
	Tin. In Alloy A, the ratio of copper to zinc is 3:2 and the	
	ratio of zinc tin is 3:5.	
	(a) Determine the ratio, copper : zinc : tin in alloy A	
	(2marks)	
	(b) The mass of alloy A is 250kg. Alloy B has the same	
	mass as alloy A but the amount of copper is 30% less	
	than that of allov A.	
	Calculate:	
	(i) The mass of tin in allov A (2marks)	
	(ii) The total mass of zinc and tin in alloy B	
	(3marks)	
	(c) Given that the ratio of zinc to tin in alloy B is 3:8.	
	determine the amount of tin in alloy B than in alloy	
	A. (3marks)	

NO	SOLUTION	MKS			12960 + 12096 = 25056		
1	MANAO	214			12960 + 13824 = 26784		
1.	M : N : O 2(2 · 3)	3101					
	2(2 . 3)				Nzau $-$ sh 25056		
	= 4 : 6 : 15				Masese – sh 26784		
					(ii) $\frac{40}{100} \times 86400$		
	<u>15</u> x 120, 000				= sh. 34560	1991Q17	
	25					-	
				5.	x + 2x + 2x + 70 = 1120		3M
	=Sh.72,000 <b>1989Q11</b>				5x = 1120 - 70		
2	(a) $6 16 \times 10 \times \frac{5}{2} \times 2600$	0M			5x = 1050		
۷.	$(a) 0.10 \times 10 \times 7_2 \times 5000$ = 554 400 cm <sup>3</sup>	01/1			$\mathbf{x} = 210$		
	= 334,400  cm				K : C : W		
	$\frac{554,400}{30,000} = \frac{50000}{30,000}$				210:420:490	100105	
	30,000 30,000				= 3:6:7	1991Q5	
	d = 18.48cm		-	6	30 workers > 6days > 8hrs		2M
				0.	50 workers		2111
	(b) (6.16 x 10) – (11.6)						
	61.6 – 11.6				6 x 8 x 30		
	$= 50 \text{cm}^3 \text{ per second}$				6 50		
	Volume of tank = $3 \times 1.2$				0 00		
	$= 3.6 m^{3}$				= 4.8 days	199408	
	$3.6 \ge 1000000 = 50 \ge t$				5	C C	
	50 50			7.	Volume = 0.6 x 10000 x 3		3M
	t = 72,000seconds				$= 18,000 \mathrm{m}^3$		
	72000				$1 \text{m}^3 \rightarrow 1000 \text{litres}$		
	72000						
	$\begin{array}{c} 3000 \\ (h) 20h arr at 200 a m the fellowing day \\ \end{array}$				18,000 x 1000		
	(b) 20nours,at2.00a,m the following day				= 18,000,000liters		
	1969Q17				18,000,000 = 90000 seconds		
3	34%  of  1500 - 5100	4M	-		200		
5.	$N \cdot K \cdot M$	-101			90,000		
					-25 hrs	100400	
	15,000 - 5,100 = 9,900		_	0	= 23  ms	1994Q9	2M
	$= \frac{2}{10} \times 9900$			0.	$\frac{1}{11+x} \ge 12,000 = 4000$		5111
	= 1980						
	$5100 \div 3 = 1700$				$\frac{5}{11} = \frac{4000}{12000}$		
	1980 + 1700				11+x 12000		
					5 _ 1		
	Sh.3,680 1990Q6				$\frac{1}{11+x} - \frac{1}{3}$		
4	N · M	8M	-		15 - 11 + x		
1.	7:8	0101			x = 4.15 - 11		
	30% of $86400 = 25920$				$\mathbf{x} = 4$	1995013	
	$25920 \div 2 = 12960$		_	9.	$27 \times 4 \times 60 = 6480 \text{ cm}^3$		
					$6480 = 60 \times 30 \text{ xh}$		
	$^{7}/_{15} \ge 25920 = 12096$				h = 6480		
					1800		
	$\frac{8}{15} \ge 25920 = 13824$				= 3.6cm		
					20cm + 3.6cm		
					= 23.6cm		

## **RATE, RATIO, PROPORTION AND PERCENTAGES MARKING SCHEME**

10.	Cap of the tank = $3.4 \times 2.8 \times 3 \times 1000$	M1
	= 201160litres	
	Amount needed = $20160 - 3600$	M1
	= 16560 litres	
	Time = $\frac{16560}{1}$	M1
	$0.5 \ x \ 60 x \ 60$	A1
	- 02hours	4mark
	= 9210013 1006O8	S
	177020	
11	Equal share $-\frac{1}{4} \times \frac{12}{100} \times 46800$	
	= 1404	B1
	Reminder = $80 \times 46800$	21
	100	M1
	= 4118	
	Share in the ratio of contributions	
	14 x 41184	
	$\overline{40}$	A1
	= 1441 - 40	
	Total share $= 1404 + 14414 + 40$	marks
	= 15818.40	
	200007	
12	Dividends $\frac{5}{15} \times 81000 = 27000$	M1
	Atieno's $\frac{5}{9} \ge 27000$	M1
		A1
	Shs. 15000	3
	2002Q12	marks
13	A : W: M = 10:8:5	M1
	Amount shared = ${}^{23}/_5 \ge 10000$	M1
	= 46000	A1
	Atieno's extra = $\frac{2}{23} \times 46000$	3
	= 4000	marks
	2003Q14	
14	$\frac{5 \times 6 \times 2}{2} = 7 \frac{1}{2}$	
	8	
15	2004Q10	M1
15.	$M_{\rm em}$ , $^{7}/$ , $45 - 25$	M1
	Well, $\frac{1}{9} \times 45 = 55$	IVI I
	Wolli, $79 \times 45 = 10$	A 1
	Men $\cdot \frac{5}{(45+x)-35}$	Л
	225 + 5x = 315	3
	x=18	marks
	200503	marks
16	Commission earned	M1
1.0.	$(1.2 \times 3800)0.225$	M1
	=1026	A1
	2009015	2
		marks
<u> </u>		
17.	1 Cow feeds on <u>480</u> in 1day	M1
	$\overline{2x4}$	
	= 60kg	M1
1		
	No of cows to feed on 20160 in 6 weeks	

	= 20160		A1
	60x6x7		_
	= 8  cows	0.4	3
10	2009	QI	marks
18.	One person cut build		MI
	$1/5 \times 3$ huts in 21 days		
	People can build 6 huts in 21 days		Δ1
	2 people and builds in 15 days		2
	= 14 people		2
	$5 \times \frac{6}{3} \times \frac{21}{15}$ 2010	06	
		χv	
19.	4(A - 2) = B + 2		
	2(A+10) = B+10		M1
	4A - B = 10(1)		271
	$\pm 2A \pm B = \pm 10(11)$		MI
	2A = 20		
	$\rightarrow A - 10$		
	Substitute $A = 10$ in (i)		
	$4 \ge 10 - B = 10$		A1
	$\rightarrow$ B = 30		3
19.	Ratio : copper : zinc : tin		
(a)			2.64
	Copper zinc tin $2/2$ 5		MI
	3 2/3 3 9 6 10		
	9 0 10		
	Copper : zinc tin $= 9:6:10$		A1
(b)	Mass of tin		
(i)	$= 250 \text{ x} \frac{10}{25}$		
	25		N / 1
	- 100kg		NI I
	- 100Kg		A1
	Mass of zinc and tin in alloy B:		111
(ii)	Mass of copper = $\frac{70}{2} \times 90$		
	= 63		M1
	mass of zinc and tin		
	= 250 - 63		
	= 187		M1
	Amount of alloy in A and B:		ЛІ
	Mass of tin in alloy B		
(c)	$= \frac{8}{11} \times 187$		
	11 - 126		
	– 130 Difference:		M1
	136 – 100		
	= 36		M1
			Al