THE SHOOTING STARS EDUCATIONAL CONSULTANCY

Kenya Certificate of Secondary Education

231/1

Biology - (Theory)

June. 2023 – 2 hours

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Section 1	

Paper 1

Name	Index Number			
Candidate's Signature				

Instructions to candidates

- a) Write your name and index number in the spaces provided above.
- b) Sign and write the date of examination in the spaces provided above.
- c) Answer all the questions in section A in the spaces provided.
- d) This paper consists of 8 printed pages.
- e) Candidates should check the question paper to ascertain that all the pages are printed as indicated and that no questions are missing.
- f) Candidates should answer the questions in English

For Examiner's Use Only

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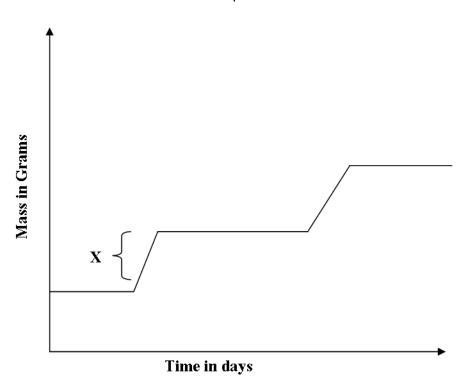
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Turn Over

1.	a)	State the functions of the following cell organelles.	(2 marks)
		i) Ribosomes	
		ii) Lysosomes	
	b)	Name the only epidermal cell in plants that contain chloroplast.	(1 mark)
2.	a)	Name the causative agents of the following diseases.	(2 marks)
		i) Amoebic dysentery	
		ii) Tuberculosis	
3.	a)	What is the importance of the counter current flow in the exchange of gases in a	fish.
			(2 marks)
	b)	State two ways in which the tracheoles of an insect are adapted to their function	s. (2 marks)
			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
4	The d	liagram below shows a type of a neurone.	
		AXON R SCHWANN CELL	
	a)	Identify the neurone above.	(1 mark)
	•		
	b)	Give a reason for your answer in 4(a) above.	(1 mark)

	c)	State the function of the part labeled R	(1 mark)
	d)	Use an arrow on the diagram to show the direction of the impulse transmission	
		neurone.	(1 mark)
5.	The	equation below represents a reaction that occurs during respiration in a cell.	
		K + Phosphate Adnenosine triphosphate	
	a)	Identify the compound K.	(1 mark)
	b)	State two differences between K and ATP.	(2 marks)
	c)	Name the organelle responsible for the production of energy in a cell muscle	(1 mark)
6.	The	graph below represents the growth pattern of animals in a certain phylum.	



(1 mark)

Name the type of growth curve shown above.

a)

	b)	i)	Identify the process represented by x.	(1 mark)
			Name the hormone responsible for the process in b(i) above.	
	c)		e importance of the growth of a pollen tube to a plant.	(1 mark)
7.	State <u>t</u>	hree fact	tors that affect absorption of mineral ions by plant roots.	(3 marks)
3.	Explai	n how cr	rops grown along roads can be a source of lead poisoning to human being	s. (2 marks)
€.	Name	the type	of responses exhibited by.	
	a)	Tendrils	s when they twine on a support object.	(1 mark)

				b) Butterflies and moths fly into wind currents in order to detect scent of flowers.					
The ed	quation below rep	resents a metab	olic process that occurs	s in the mammalian live	r.				
	Amino acids -	→ O	rganic compound + ure	ea.					
	H	Enzyme x							
a)	Name the proce	ss that represent	s the above equation.		(1 ma				
b)	Identify the enzy	yme represented	l by x.		(1 ma				
c)	what is the imp	ortance of the pi	rocess to the mammal		(1 ma				
A scie	entist carried out b	olood sugar test i		nree different times of th					
		_	ucose and glycogen le						
Time	2	6 a.m.	1.30 p.m.	4 p.m.					
Gluc	ose	90mg	100mg	90mg					
Glyc	ogen	20mg	40mg	60mg					
	Account for:	- 1							
	a) Presence of	glycogen in blo	od.		(2 mar				
•••••									
	b) Rise in gluc		en levels at 1.30p.m		(2 ma				
 a)									
			ion of generations.		(2 ma				
			ion of generations.		(2 ma				
	What is the mea	ning of alternati	ion of generations.		(2 mai				

13.	Explain why plants growing in low altitude areas grow faster than those in high altitudes. (3 marks)					
	•••••					
14.	a)	What is the function of Sodium hydrogen Carbonate that is added to test solution				
		reducing sugar.	(1 mark)			
	b)	The equation below represents a process X which is controlled by enzymes.	•••••			
		$C_6 H_{12} O_6 + C_6 H_{12} O_6$ X $C_{12} H_{22} O_{11} + H_2 O$				
		Glucose + Fructose R Sucrose + Water				
		i) Name the process X and enzyme R				
		Process X	(1 mark)			
		Enzyme R	(1 mark)			
15.	State <u>tr</u>	wo ways through which plants eliminate their metabolic wastes from their bodies	(2 marks)			
	•••••					
			•••••			
1.0						
16.	a)	What is double fertilization in flowering plants?	(1 mark)			
	•••••					
	b)	Name any two types of placentations found in ovaries.	(2 marks)			
			, ,			
17.	List	down four phenotypic characteristics that have been selected for the production of	strains			
	suital	ble for modern agricultural purposes.	(4 marks)			

18.	a)	Name any two accessory glands in the male urinogenital system.	(2 marks)
	•••••		
	b)	What structural modification do human sperm cell have that:	
		i) Facilitate energy use.	(1 mark)
	•••••	ii) Facilitate movement.	(1 mark)
19.		e the type of eye defects that can be corrected by;	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
	i)	Use of bifocal lens	(1 mark)
	ii)	Use of artificial lens	(1 mark)
	iii)	Use of concave lens	(1 mark)
20.	a)	The length from the tail tip to the anus of a certain tilapia fish is 10cm. The leng	
		tail tip to the mouth is 35cm. Calculate the tail power of the fish. (Show all you	r working).
			(2 marks)
	b)	What is the significance of high tail power in fish?	(1 mark)
	•••••		
21.	State	the roles of each of the following hormones in the process of reproduction in huma	
	i)	Follicle stimulating hormone.	(1 mark)
	 ii)	Luteinizing hormone.	(1 mark)
	•	-	•

List	List down three differences between the endocrine system and nervous system.			
	Endocrine system	Nervous system		
i		i		
ii		ii		
iii .		iii	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Disti	inguish between the struggle for existence and	survival for the fittest as used in the	theory of	
natu	ral selection.		(2 marks)	
• • • • •				
	e three structural feature of the placenta which			
	ernal and foetal blood.		(3 marks)	
			••••••	
			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
	e one functional difference between a tendon a	-	(1 mark)	
	e the functions of the following parts of a light		(2 marks)	
i)	Diaphragm			
•••				
ii) F	Objective lens		•••••	
•	ain how the following adaptations minimizes	rate of transpiration.	(2 1)	
i)	Sunken stomata		(2 marks)	
ii)	Leaf dropping		(1 mark)	
	e one structural difference between mature red		(1 mark)	

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