

BRIGHT VISION SERIES

STD 8 - YEAR - 2023

ENGLISH: LANGUAGE

SASON
003

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY

- 1 Use an ordinary pencil only.
- 2 Make sure that you have written on the answer sheet.

Time: 1Hour 40Min.

I. YOUR NAME

II. NAME OF YOUR SCHOOL

Read the passage below. It contains blank spaces numbered 1 - 15. For each blank space, choose the best alternative from the choices given.

It is common to 1 people smiling. Some do smile in response to someone they have seen coming towards them 2 to others it is because they want to 3 the other person happy. The smile spreads 4 the face and this shows how happy, or genuine the smile is. Some smiles go 5 the expectation and 6 laughter, 7 by both parties. This is when the two people smiling at 8 find it impossible to contain the smile. Take for 9, when you meet a friend you have been with for a long time. He 10 lease you 11 call you by that name others have never heard. I 12 you have such a name. ,

Some people smile even when they are 13. This is not strange it happens when one 14 something interesting that happened or is 15 to happen shortly.

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|-------------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|
| 1. A. got | B. see | C. find | D. watch |
| 2. A. while | B. then | C. when | D. so |
| 3. A. let | B. leave | C. put | D. make |
| 4. A. on | B. across | C. in | D. above |
| 5. A. below | B. between | C. beyond | D. beneath |
| 6. A. become | B. remain | C. stay | D. break |
| 7. A. always | B. truly | C. even | D. especially |
| 8. A. one another | B. each other | C. another | D. the other |
| 9. A. now | B. once | C. example | D. real |
| 10. A. could | B. will | C. should | D. would |
| 11. A. and | B. then | C. or | D. also |
| 12. A. believe | B. remember | C. state | D. suggest |
| 13. A. solo | B. lonely | C. one | D. alone |
| 14. A. says | B. thinks | C. remembers | D. decides |
| 15. A. known | B. suspected | C. made | D. expected |

For questions 16 and 17, choose the words whose meaning includes the meaning as other three.

16. A. Luggage B. Property
C. Land D. Furniture
17. A. Whisper B. Shout
C. Stammer D. Talk

In question 18 and 19, choose the alternative which means the same as underlined sentence.

18. Of all the players Musa looked the most tired after the game.
A. All the players looked as tired as Musa after the game
B. When the game ended, Musa looked as tired as all other players.
C. Musa looked most tired of all the players after the game
D. Musa, as well as other players, looked most tired after the game
19. "Where is your home?" Alice asked Zainabu.
A. Alice asked Zainabu where her home is
B. Alice asked Zainabu where her home was
C. Alice asked Zainabu where your home was
D. Alice asked Zainabu where is your home

In question 20 and 21, choose the alternative that can best replace the underlined words.

20. The school serves bananas, oranges, mangoes or pears to pupils with lunch.
A. foods B. fruits
C. serving D. diet
21. Our library has dictionaries, encyclopedia and directories for us to borrow.
A. books B. novels
C. volumes D. references

For questions 22 to 25, choose the option that best fills the blank spaces.

22. No sooner had the bell rung _____ we went for break.
A. when B. then
C. than D. had
23. He comes to school frequently, _____?
A. doesn't he B. isn't he
C. is D. does he
24. What a dull song, _____?
A. was it B. that was
C. it is D. was that
25. Kata carries his _____ bag wherever he goes
A. big, black, new B. black, big, new
C. black, new, big D. new, big, black

Read the passage below and then answer questions 26 - 38.

Many people liked walking in the rain. They claimed it was safe and an easier way of bathing after a long day out. To them, the pounding of rain on you as you walked left you cleaner than even going to the river to bathe. Roba is one of those who had such a belief but one day, something happened which made him change his mind.

Roba and Kira had just delivered their sacks of cotton home. Earlier on, they had been busy picking the white balls and when the four sacks were full, they decided to take them home. It was by coincidence that the two, their farms were also adjacent to each other, were also neighbours at home. So, they did almost everything together.

By the time the sack of cotton were safely home the two men were exhausted. The river wasn't far but instead of going there to bathe, they decided to attend the chief's meeting first. The meeting, however was not compulsory and had no strict timing. You could walk in anytime, look for space or a stone to sit on. As they approached the venue, dark clouds were already drifting in the sky above them. From a distance, they could see bright flashes of lightning striking in the horizon from time to time.

They were not very surprised when they reached and found nobody under the tree. The bad weather had forced the chief to postpone the meeting so they immediately embarked on their return journey. They had not gone far when the rain started falling all of a sudden. They could not see the need to take shelter although there were several homes within reach. As the rain intensified, they too become wetter and as such, the idea of bathing while walking wasn't a bad idea to both of them.

As they approached their village, they heard louder and more frequent roaring of thunder. Bright flashes of lightning struck and they got scared. They decided to take shelter under a short mango tree and this is where they almost lost their lives. Lightning struck the tall tree which was close.

26. The main reason why many people liked walking in the rain is because
- it pounded on them as they walked
 - it was a more efficient way of bathing
 - they managed to reach their homes clean
 - it enabled them to save on bathing water
27. If one went to the river to bathe, he would
- still not be clean as expected
 - need to bathe in the rain too
 - need the rain to fall on him
 - bathe more than once that day
28. What shows that Roba and Kira were hardworking?
- Their preference of bathing in the rainfall
 - The location of their homes and farms
 - The colour of balls of cotton they picked
 - The amount of work they did together
29. Which of the following shows what made the two get exhausted that morning?
- Picking cotton, transporting it and bathing
 - Putting the balls in sacks, working and transporting cotton
 - Picking cotton, putting it in sacks and transporting
 - Taking the cotton home, walking and picking the balls
30. Attendance of the chief's meeting was
- a must
 - optional
 - apriority
 - a necessity
31. If one reached the venue of the chief's meeting late, he would
- give an excuse for his lateness
 - sit on specific stones left
 - simply sit and join the rest
 - stay late after the others
32. Why do you think the villagers sit on stones?
- It would be easier when leaving the meeting venue
 - No one was ready to bring their own chairs
 - it would be expensive to hire chairs
 - the stones were readily and conveniently available
33. What was the first sign that there would be rainfall?
- Dark clouds
 - Sudden rainfall
 - Roaring thunder
 - Bright flashes of lightning
34. As the two neighbours approached the meeting venue, they
- were sure the meeting was already on
 - planned to get space on some of the stones
 - knew the meeting would take place the following day
 - did not find people there
35. The idea of taking shelter in other homes
- failed because there was no home nearby
 - came about as they were tired after working and walking
 - was shelved as they had an alternative
 - came when the rain started falling suddenly
36. The rain according to Roba and Kira was
- a scape goat
 - an avoidable occurrence
 - a chance of a life time
 - a blessing in disguise
37. By deciding to take shelter under the mango tree,
- they managed to avoid going to any home
 - the two men saved their lives
 - lightning left them alone
 - they learnt how to keep themselves safe from lightning
38. In the end, we learn that Robi and Kira
- escaped death narrowly
 - managed to bathe well in the rain
 - did not take a long time under the mango tree
 - were rescued by their neighbours

Read the passage below and then answer questions 39 - 50.

A volcano is a mountain or hill with an opening. When a volcano erupts, magma is pushed up through the opening with great force. When magma reaches the surface of the earth, it is called lava. Lava can be as hot as 1204 degrees celcius.

Some volcanic erupts out slowly from the volcano in some eruptions. Some of the most violent eruptions take place where the edge of one plate is found beneath the edge of another. This forces magma to rise to the surface. Hot gases in the magma make these volcanoes very explosive. Most of this types are found around the edge of the pacific ocean.

The huge circle of volcanoes is known as the "rising of fire". The intensity of the eruption depends on a few factors. One of them is the temperature of the magma. The other factor is the thickness of the magma. The mount of gas trapped within the magma is also an important factor.

The word volcanos comes from the name of vulcan, the ancient Roman god of fire and metal making. The Romans believed that the volcanic eruptions resulted when vulcan made thunderbolts and weapons for the gods. Other cultures explained volcanoes as outbursts of anger from a god or goddess.

Two of the deadliest volcano eruptions happened in 1815 and 1883 on the island in what is now indonesia. In 1815, Mount Tombora released so much ash into the air that it blocked out large amounts of sunlight. Temperatures around the world dropped for months afterwards, making 1816 a year without summer.

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| <p>39. From the first paragraph it is true to say that;</p> <p>A. some volcanoes do not have openings</p> <p>B. magma and lava pass through the same openings</p> <p>C. a volcano is a mountain or a hill with an opening</p> <p>D. it is the magma that causes the opening</p> <p>40. At what point does magma change its name?</p> <p>A. when it reaches the surface of the earth</p> <p>B. while it is moving upwards</p> <p>C. if the magma is below 1204 degrees celcius</p> <p>D. as soon as the hill or mountain becomes a volcano</p> <p>41. Why does lava sheet into the sky?</p> <p>A. There is a lot of space in the sky</p> <p>B. It is pushed through with a lot of force</p> <p>C. The temperature of the magma fluctuates</p> <p>D. The size of the opening of the volcanoes is big</p> <p>42. The <u>main</u> reason why some eruptions are not explosive is because</p> <p>A. it depends on the distance from the pacific ocean</p> <p>B. it is based on the time the explosive starts</p> <p>C. of the other items which comes out with the magma</p> <p>D. of the location of the edge of the plates</p> <p>43. Why do you think volcanos are referred to as "rising fire"?</p> <p>A. The temperature and force of explosion</p> <p>B. The number of items that are forced out with the magma</p> <p>C. The height at which the furthest magma is thrown</p> <p>D. the effect it has on the environment</p> <p>44. If magma is thin and the force of gas trapped underneath is low</p> <p>A. it could take a short time before exploding</p> <p>B. it does not explode to the earth surface</p> | <p>C. the explosion may not sheet high into the sky</p> <p>D. the explosion may be heard from a far distance</p> <p>45. The eruption of volcanos was likely to have been first experienced at</p> <p>A. mount Tombora B. Rome</p> <p>C. indonesia D. the pacific ocean</p> <p>46. The word "volcano" was derived from</p> <p>A. a group of metal works</p> <p>B. the tools and weapons</p> <p>C. volcanic eruption which occured everywhere</p> <p>D. their traditional beliefs</p> <p>47. According to the Roman culture, it was possible to stop the eruption if</p> <p>A. the pressure from the eruption was lowered</p> <p>B. the gods were supplied with enough weapons</p> <p>C. people did not annoy the gods</p> <p>D. no fire rose and eruption occured</p> <p>48. Which of the following statements is <u>true</u> according to the passage?</p> <p>A. In some eruptions, there is no gas trapped beneath the earth</p> <p>B. There is a deposit of hot gases around the pacific ocean</p> <p>C. Gas and magma do not come out together during an eruption</p> <p>D. The temperature of magma is the only factor that affects an explosion</p> <p>49. Mount Tombora's explosion is remembered because of the</p> <p>A. period of time it lasted</p> <p>B. increase in temperature in Indonesia</p> <p>C. number of years without summer that followed</p> <p>D. effects it had on the people</p> <p>50. The <u>best</u> title for this passage would be</p> <p>A. How volcanoes erupt</p> <p>B. Formation of volcano mountains</p> <p>C. Temperature of volcano eruptions</p> <p>D. Effect of volcano eruptions on the sun</p> |
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